MATH 3113 - Introduction to Ordinary Differential Equations

## Written Homework 6

There are four exercises total. Textbook references: Sections 5.1 and 5.2

## Exercise 1

Consider the linear system

$$\mathbf{x}'(t) = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 2\\ -3 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \mathbf{x}(t)$$

- a.) Is  $\mathbf{x}_a(t) = \begin{bmatrix} 2e^t \\ -3e^t \end{bmatrix}$  a solution to the linear system of ODEs? Is  $\mathbf{x}_b(t) = \begin{bmatrix} e^{2t} \\ -e^{2t} \end{bmatrix}$  a solution to the linear system of ODEs?
- b.) Are the two vectors  $\mathbf{x}_a(t)$  and  $\mathbf{x}_b(t)$  linearly independent?
- c.) Write the general solution to the ODE system using the given information.

Exercise 2

Consider the matrix  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$ .

- a.) Compute the determinant det(A).
- b.) Find the eigenvalues  $\lambda_1$  and  $\lambda_2$  of A. Are the eigenvalues real or not real? Are they distinct or the same?
- c.) For each for  $\lambda_1$  and  $\lambda_2$ , write down at least one eigenvector.

Exercise 3

Compute the general solution to the linear system of ODEs:

$$\begin{aligned} x_1'(t) &= 4x_1 + 3x_2 \\ x_2'(t) &= 2x_1 - x_2 \end{aligned}$$

## Exercise 4

Use your answer from the previous exercise to find the particular solution of the same linear system of ODEs

$$\begin{aligned} x_1'(t) &= 4x_1 + 3x_2 \\ x_2'(t) &= 2x_1 - x_2 \end{aligned}$$

that satisfies the initial values  $x_1(0) = 1$  and  $x_2(0) = 1$ .

Optional Check: Verify that your answer is indeed a solution to the linear system (by plugging it into the system), then verify that it safisfies the initial conditions.