

# Math 2924 Sec 7.1 - 7.5 Review

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# 1

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{5x+8} \, dx$$

Strategy:

Seeing  $\sqrt{\text{polynomial}}$ ,  
try

Rationalizing  
substitution  
Sec 7.4

## #2

Strategy:

- Seeing  $\sqrt{\text{polynomial}}$

try sub  $w = \sqrt{\text{polynomial}}$

- Seeing product of exponential function and a polynomial, try integration by parts

$$\int_1^4 e^{\sqrt{x}} dx$$

# #3

$$\int \sin(\sqrt{x}) dx$$

Strategy:

- Seeing  $\sqrt{\text{polynomial}}$

try sub  $u = \sqrt{\text{polynomial}}$

- Seeing product of  
trig function  
and a polynomial,

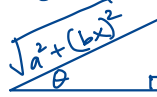
try integration  
by parts

#4

$$\int_0^2 \frac{1}{\sqrt{16+x^2}} dx$$

$$\text{hint: } \frac{d}{dx} \ln |\sec(x) + \tan(x)| = \sec(x)$$

strategy: Seeing  $(a^2 + (bx)^2)^n$ ,  
do trig substitution with



#5

$$\int_1^{\sqrt{3}} \arctan(1/x) dx$$

Strategy: Seeing inverse functions  
of familiar functions  
like  $\ln$ ,  $\arccos$ ,  $\arcsin$ , try  
Integration by parts with  $dv=dx$

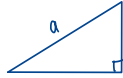
#6

$$\int x \sqrt{1-x^4} dx$$

strategy:

• Because you see  $1-x^4$   
and  $x$ , try  $u$ -substitution

• Seeing  $\sqrt{a^2 - (bu)^2}$ , do  
trig substitution with



#7  $\int x^3 [\cos(x^4)]^3 [\sin(x^4)]^2 dx$

strategy:

- Seeing  $x^4$  and  $x^3$ ,  
try  $u$ -substitution
- Seeing  $[\cos(u)]^n [\sin(u)]^m$ ,

know that strategies  
in Sec 7.2 will work.

Since  $\cos(u)$  has odd power,

save one factor of  $\cos(u)$

and apply  $(\cos(u))^2 = 1 - (\sin(u))^2$

# #8

$$\int x^2 \ln(1+x) dx$$

Strategy:

- Seeing a product of a polynomial and  $\ln$ ,  
try integration by parts

- The result is a rational function  $\frac{\text{a polynomial}}{\text{another polynomial}}$

Any rational function can be integrated  
using techniques from Sec 7.4.