Math 118 Calculus IaIn-class Thurs, Oct 13, 2016Infinite Limits and Signs (2 pages)You may need some extra paper to complete some of these!

1. Determine the sign (positive or negative) of each of the following quantities, based on the given information about x.

- a. (x-3) if x is just slightly less than 3.
- b. $(x-5)^3$ if x is just slightly greater than 5.
- c. (x+1)(x-1) if x is just slightly less than 1.
- d. $\frac{x-10}{x-19}$ if x is just slightly less than 10.

e.
$$\frac{-2}{(x-30)^4}$$
 if x is very close (but not equal) to 30.

- f. $\frac{(x+4)(x-7)}{x^2(x-11)}$ if x is very close (but not equal) to 0.
- 2. Evaluate the following limits. Use $+\infty$ or $-\infty$ if appropriate.
- a. $\lim_{x \to 8} \frac{12}{(x-8)^2}$
- b. $\lim_{x \to 1^-} \frac{x^2 + 2x 3}{x^2 + x + 1}$
- c. $\lim_{x \to 25} \frac{(13-x)}{(x-25)^2}$
- d. $\lim_{x \to 3+} \frac{x^2 3}{(x 3)(x + 3)}$

Go on to #3 and #4 on the back...

- 3. For the function $f(x)=\frac{x^3-8}{x^2-4}$,
- a. Identify all points at which f(x) is undefined.
- b. Identify all vertical asymptotes of the function. Compute one-sided limits at each vertical asymptote.
- c. Identify all points at which the function has a removable discontinuity.
- d. Identify the intervals on which the function is continuous.

4. Repeat parts (a)-(d) of the above problem with the function $f(x) = \frac{5x^4 - 16x^3}{8x^4 - x^3}$